



Why do we want your data?	date netw the Nova	work of Scotia C	NAD83 (CSRS) (Coordinate Refe	nissions is to leverage ongoing field work to provide industry wi oordinated monuments. By submitting data, you are contributin rencing System (NSCRS) current and accurate. This crowd sourcir at otherwise could not be performed.	g to keeping
How should I observe data for submission?	When ob	serving	NSCMs, the fol	lowing guidelines should be followed:	
			separate, NA al (no geoid mo	D83(CSRS), UTM based job to store data for NSCMs. Height del applied).	s should be
				tion survey style that will store 10 minutes of raw data at 1s rdinate values to be verified in post-processing if discrepancies a	
	c) U	Jse a bip	ood or tripod ra	ther than holding an RTK range pole. Ensure bubbles are in adjus	stment.
			•	for antenna height measurement error by using a fixed height ht tripod) when possible.	device (RTK
	u n	ising a b	pipod or fixed h ent site. The to	he Levelled bubble, Antenna height, Antenna type, Setup over eight tripod), Photos of N, E, S, W views from NSCM, and a gene stal allowed size for photos is 15 mb, so photo sizes should	eral photo of
			te of the subm the monument	ssion requirements shown under "Session Information". Incluc	ling the GPS
		G	PS Code	Criteria	
		1	Excellent	Less than 10% of sky obstructed within 100 m of NSCM	
		2	Very Good	Less than 25% of sky obstructed within 100 m of NSCM	
		3	Good	Less than 50% of sky obstructed within 100 m of NSCM	
		4	Poor	More than 50% sky obstructed	

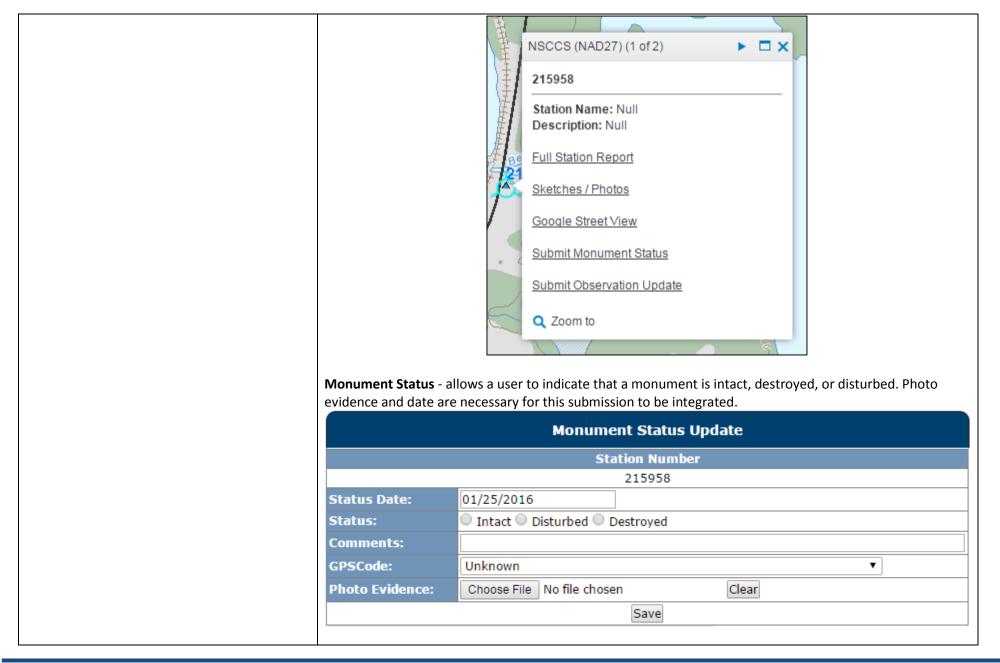




How long should I observe a station?	If you are located within the zone of Network Real-time Kinematics (NTRK) capabilities or within a 25 km range of the nearest base station (see Technical Support 0002 NSACS Network), at least 10 minutes of observations should be logged with a 1 second observation rate. If the station is outside the NTRK zone and beyond 25 km from the nearest base station, a minimum of a 30 minute static observation should be performed with a 1 second observation rate.
How do I login to the NSCRS Viewer?	Credentials for the NSCRS Viewer can be obtained by submitting a request to geoinfo@novascotia.ca. In order to obtain credentials, you must: a) be a Nova Scotia Land Surveyor OR b) have a diploma in Geomatics Engineering Technology and have 2 years of GPS experience OR c) have a degree in Geomatics Engineering and have 2 years of GPS experience Login Updates NSCRS Home novascotia.ca Feedback Map Tools: Reference Implementation Imple
How do I submit data?	Once logged into the Nova Scotia Coordinate Referencing System (NSCRS) Viewer, a search for the station number will bring up 2 additional fields that were not available prior to logging in, "Submit Monument Status" and "Submit Observation Update".











	Observation Update - allows a user to submit new coordinates, photos, and various other information for a station. Using the correct settings, the uncertainty fields found at the bottom of the form (see Additional Illustrations) can be obtained from all systems (eg. Leica, Trimble, and TopCon). ACS source stands for Active Control System source and a dropdown list of options is provided for user convenience.
What format should my raw data be in?	The raw file should be converted to RINEX if possible and the file should be renamed as follows:
	Station#_ApAAA_YYMMDDSS_XXX
	 Where: Station# is the unique station number assigned to the monument ApAAA is the antenna height and p represents the decimal point YY are the last two digits of the year of observations MM is the month of observations DD is the day of observations SS is the session number XXX are the initials of the observer For example: 225822_2p000_130601_MAD.raw All manufacturers have utilities for converting their property data to RINEX.
When will my data be integrated?	 Data submissions are integrated into the system on a semi-annual basis (spring, autumn). In order to have a coordinate updated to a publishable state, the following criteria must be met: At least two observers have submitted coordinates Each session is 10 minutes or more Data is logged at a 1s data rate Greater than 0.5 hour between all sessions At least 24 hours between any 2 sessions Less than 20 mm horizontal and 30 mm vertical discrepancy between all sessions





	As data i	is submitted, t	he station sta	tus will progress as fo	llows:
		Session	Status		
		1	Provisional	(unverified)	
		2	Pre-Publish	ed (once verified)	
		3	Published (twice verified)	
		Only Published	d values shou	ld be referenced on a	i survey plan.
What does each submission field require?		Sessio	n Info	Explanation	
		GPS (Code	See above	
		ACS So	ource		three sources of corrections who provide their this the sources of corrections who provide their this the sources of the sourc
		Equipme	nt Brand	The manufacturer o submitted	f the receiver used during the observation being
		Session	Length	The length of time i	n minutes of the observation being submitted
		Cell Pro	ovider	Eg. Bell, Rogers, Tel	us, Eastlink.
		Cell Signal	Strength	Allows the next use survey methods arc	er to have an expectation about the available bund a monument.
		Comm	nents		ic which would be included in a site sketch. Eg. ersection, below grade 0.1 m, under cap and
		Raw Data	(zipped)	The raw observation	n file for the GNSS observation being submitted
		Pho	tos		
		North, East, S Vie			oto of the monument site that was taken firstly I and secondly in the N,E,S,W directions. It is







	suggested that the first photos be taken in the listed order in an effort to simplify data management and submission.
Setup over mark	This is a close up photo of the monument cap with the fixed rod setup over the mark. It allows future users to verify the monument has not been disturbed since published and verifies correct setup during occupation.
Level	This is a close up photo of the level bubble during the observation being submitted.
Antenna Type	A photo verifying the antenna type used.
Antenna Height	A close up photo verifying the height of the rod for the observation being submitted.
General Site Photo 1,2,3	Photos that show additional information about the site for future users. This might include a building nearby or a civic address or a nearby road sign.
Coordinates & Uncertaint	ies
Northing	This is the NRTK Northing measured or in cases where cell coverage was not possible it is the post processed Northing. Submitted in metres.
Easting	This is the NRTK Easting measured or in cases where cell coverage was not possible it is the post processed Easting. Submitted in metres.
Ellipsoidal Height	The height to be measured is ellipsoidal height. Enter its value here in metres.
Standard Deviations	The standard deviations are a calculation the proprietor's (Trimble, Leica, etc.) software calculates and provide to the user. Contact your GNSS provider for more details. Enter this value in metres.
Semi Major Axis	The semi major axis is the larger of the two radii that describe an ellipse. During observation several positions are measured and averaged. An error ellipse is a statistical evaluation of all the







		positions that were averaged. The proprietor's software calculates the semi major axis and provides it to the user. Contact your GNSS provider or manual for more details. Enter this value in metres.
	Semi Minor Axis	The semi minor axis is the smaller of the two radii that describe an ellipse. During observation several positions are measured and averaged. An error ellipse is a statistical evaluation of all the positions that were averaged. The proprietor's software calculates the semi minor axis and provides it to the user. Contact your GNSS provider or manual for more details. Enter this value in metres.
	UTM Zone	UTM Zone refers to the UTM zone that was set in the software/controller during observation.
	Orientation Angle of Error Ellipse	Refers to the orientation of the major axis of the error ellipse. The semi major, semi minor, and orientation angle of the error ellipse together provide an evaluation of the accuracy of the position. This value is calculated by the proprietor. This is entered as degrees, minutes, seconds.
Related Technical Support Documents:	 Technical Support 0002 NSA Technical Support 0007 NA Technical Support 0009 Fie	D83
Useful Links:		
Additional Illustrations:		



Technical Support: Data Submission



		Station Number	
		215958	
Date of Observation:	01/25/2016		
Session Information			
GPSCode:	Unknown		
ACS Source:	•		
Equipment Brand:	F		
Antenna Height:			
Session Length (mins):	10		
Cell Provider:	F		
Cell Signal Strength:	• 0		
Comments:			
Raw Data (zipped):	Choose File	Choose File No file chosen	Clear
Photos*			
*Total upload size is 15 MB. Need <u>help</u> resizing photos?	IB. Need help	resizing photos?	
North View:	Choose File	Choose File No file chosen	Clear
East View:	Choose File	Choose File No file chosen	Clear
South View:	Choose File	Choose File No file chosen	Clear
West View:	Choose File	Choose File No file chosen	Clear
Setup over mark:	Choose File	Choose File No file chosen	Clear
Level:	Choose File	Choose File No file chosen	Clear
Antenna Type:	Choose File	Choose File No file chosen	Clear
Antenna Height:	Choose File	Choose File No file chosen	Clear
General Site Photo 1:	Choose File	Choose File No file chosen	Clear
General Site Photo 2:	Choose File	Choose File No file chosen	Clear
General Site Photo 3:	Choose File	Choose File No file chosen	Clear
NAD83(CSRS) 2010.0 UTM Coordinates and Uncertanties	M Coordinate	es and Uncertanties	
Coordinates Available 🛛			
Northing (m)	Eastin	Easting (m)	Ellipsoidal Height (m)
0	0		0
Northing Standard Deviation (m)	Eastin Stand	Easting Standard Deviation (m)	Ellipsoidal Height Standard Deviation (m)
0	0		0
Semi Major Axis A (m)	Semi	Semi Minor Axis B (m)	UTMZone:
0	0		20 ▼
Orientation Angle of Error Ellipse(DD MM SS.SSSS)	r Ellipse(DD	MM SSSSSS)	-
Degrees (DD):	0		
Minutes (MM):	0		
Seconds (SS.SSSS):	0		